

Will the Third Time be the Charm for Mexico's AMLO?

Jorge Buendía

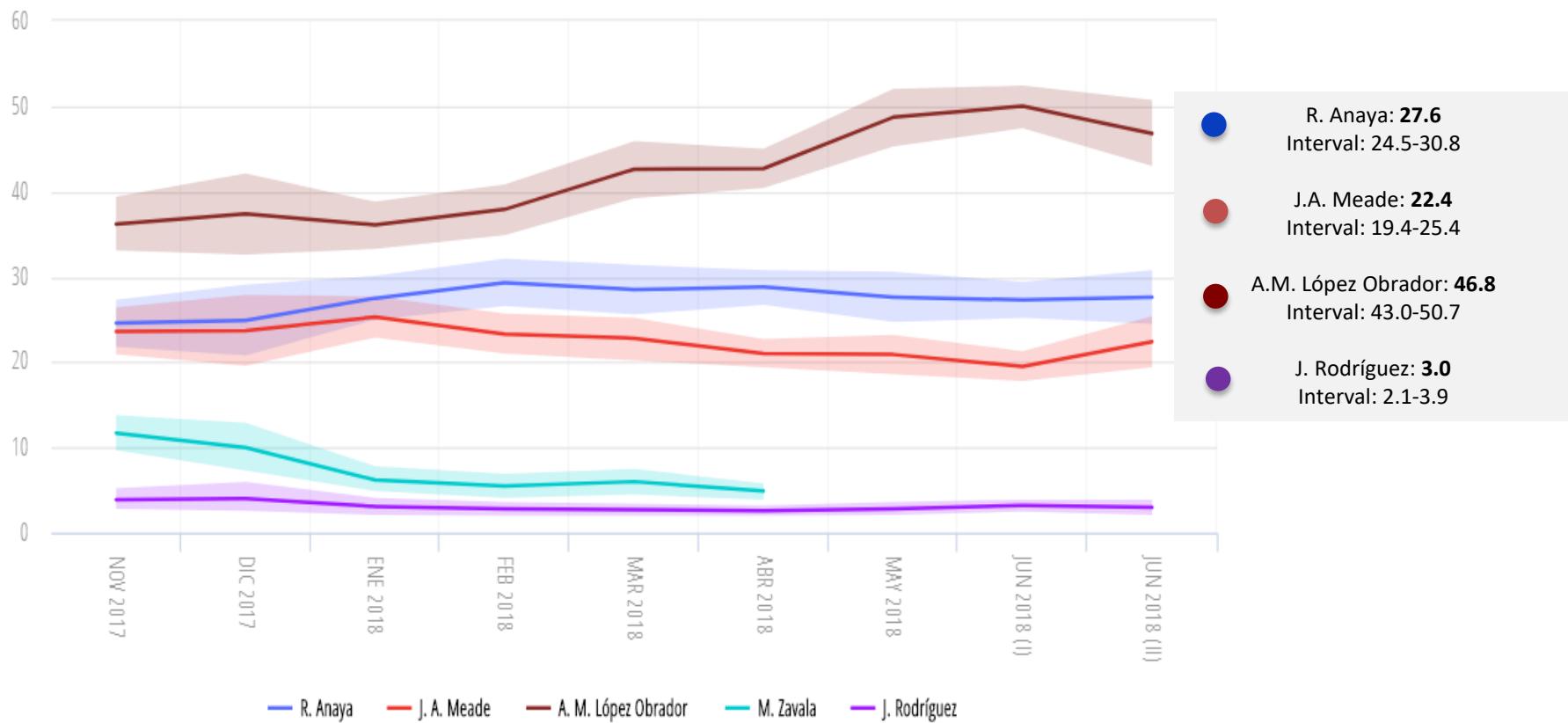
**Mexico Election 2018: A Historic Vote across
the Nation**

Mexico Institute, Wilson Center

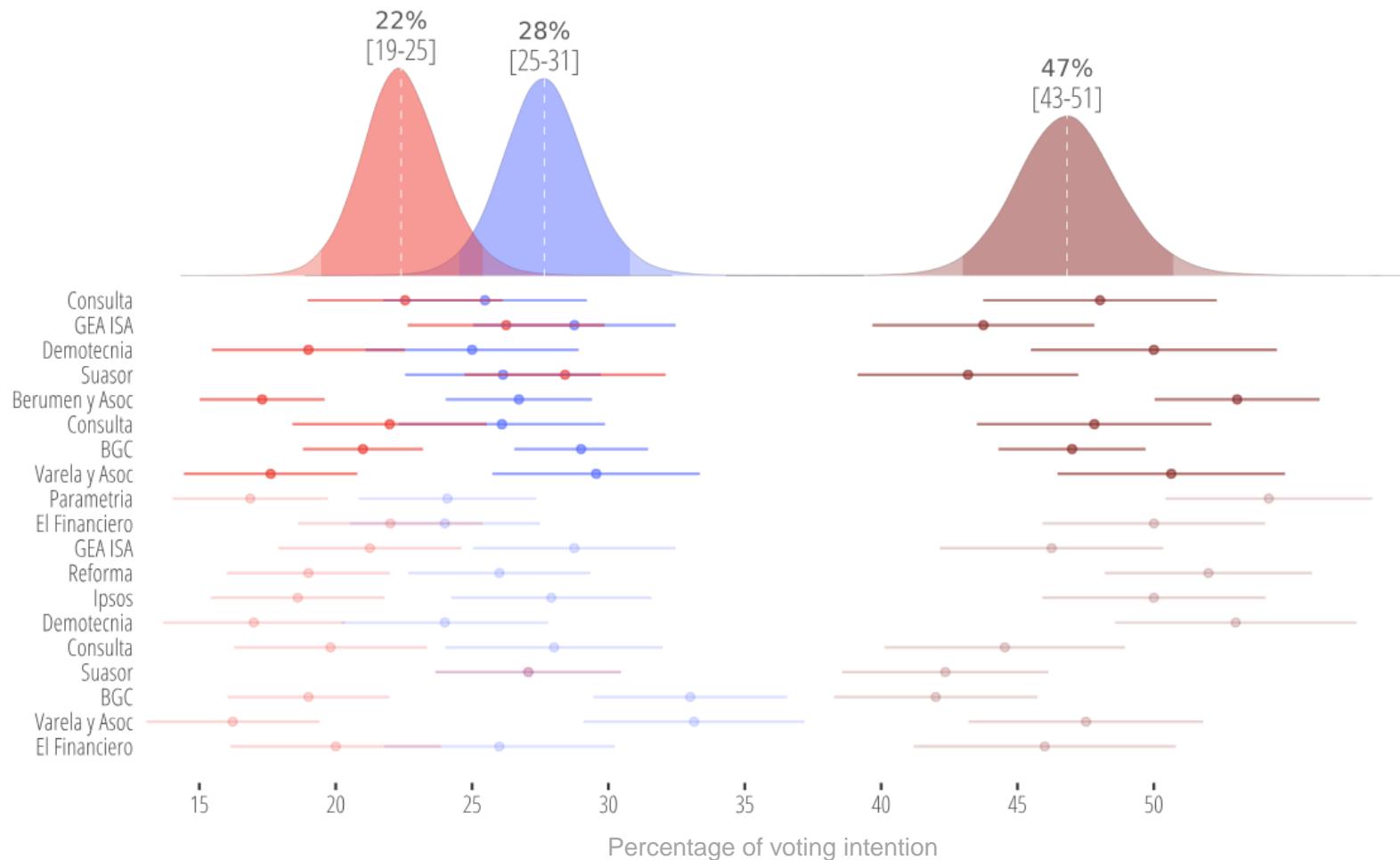
Electoral preference

Estimates of each candidate's percentage of voting intention

Timeline



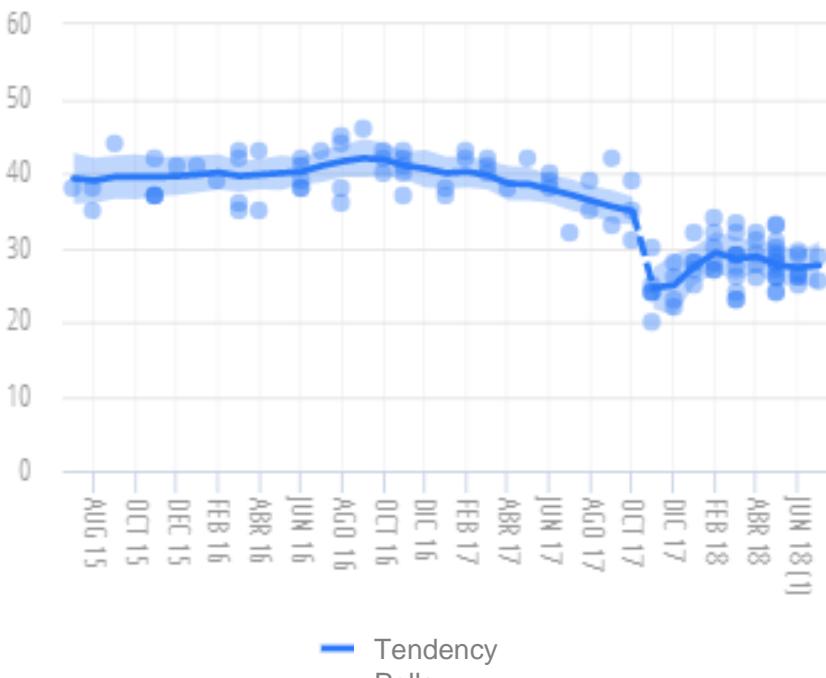
Ricardo Anaya  J. Antonio Meade  A. M. López Obrador 



JAVIER MARQUEZ / @JMarquezP / ORACULUS.MX

Ricardo Anaya

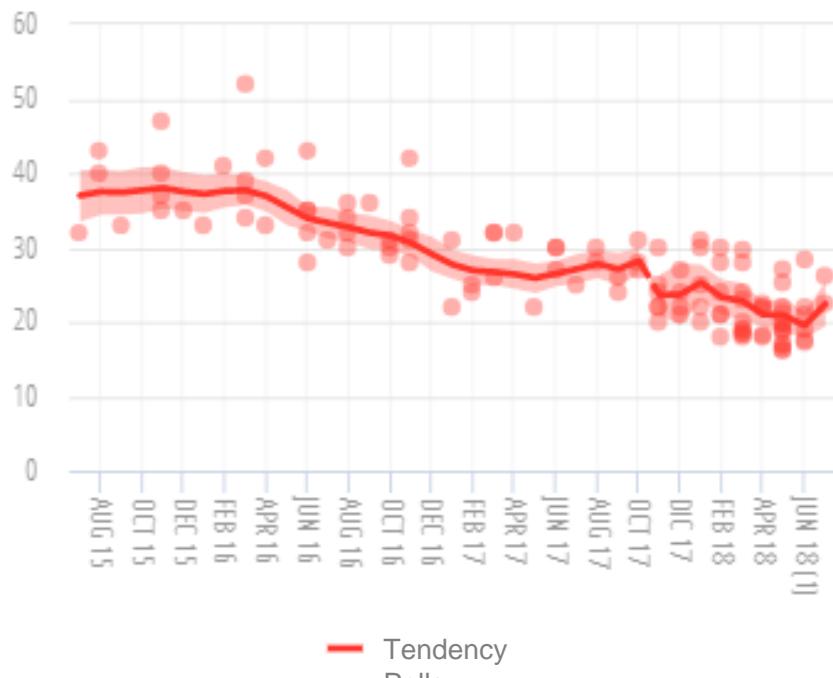
Aug.-15 to Oct.-17: PAN+PRD+MC



Javier Marquez / @JMarquezP / ORACULUS.MX

J. Antonio Meade

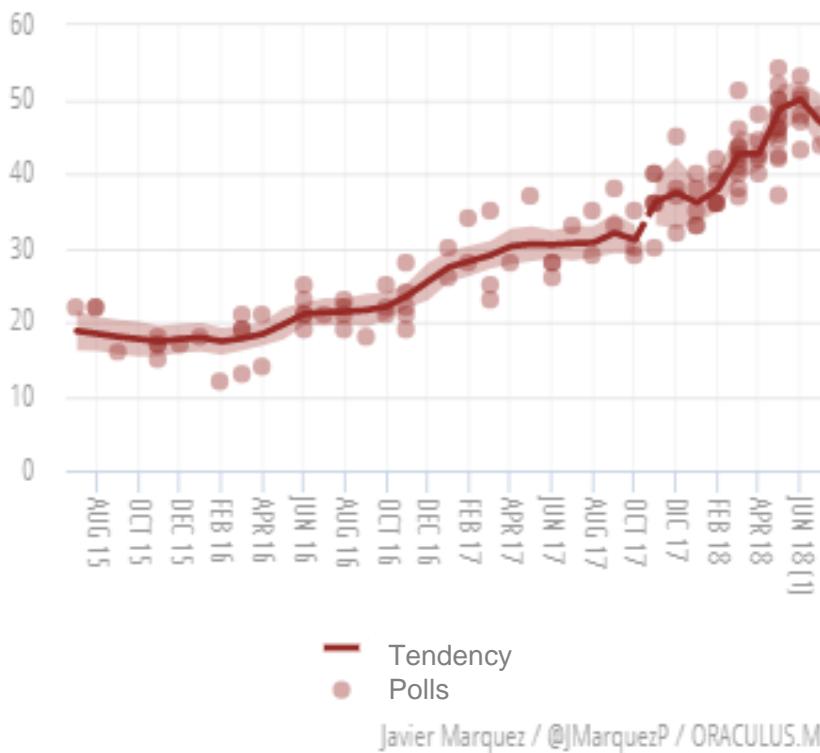
Aug.-15 to Oct.-17: PRI+PVEM+NA



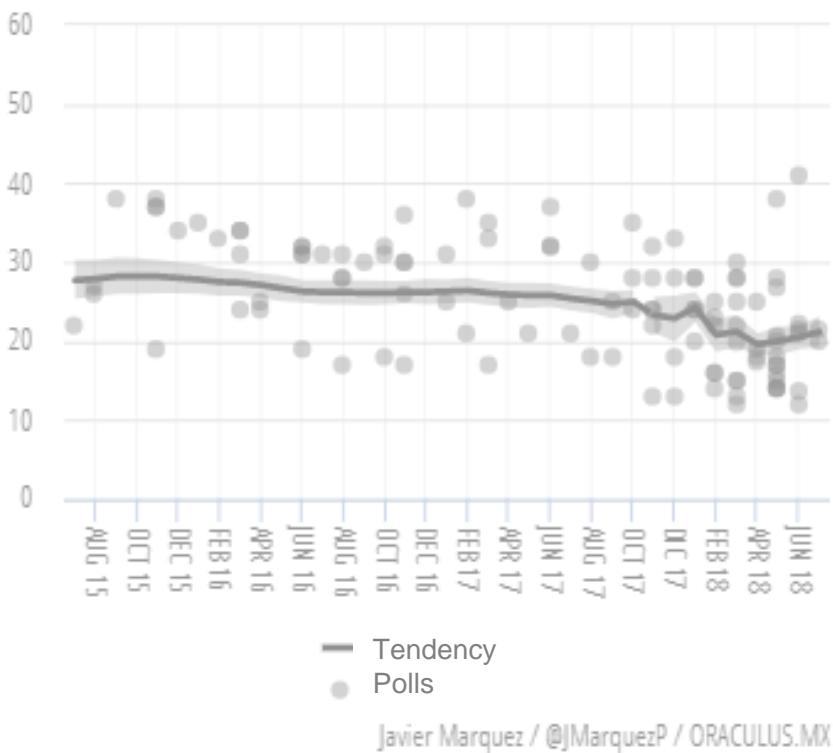
Javier Marquez / @JMarquezP / ORACULUS.MX

A. M. López Obrador

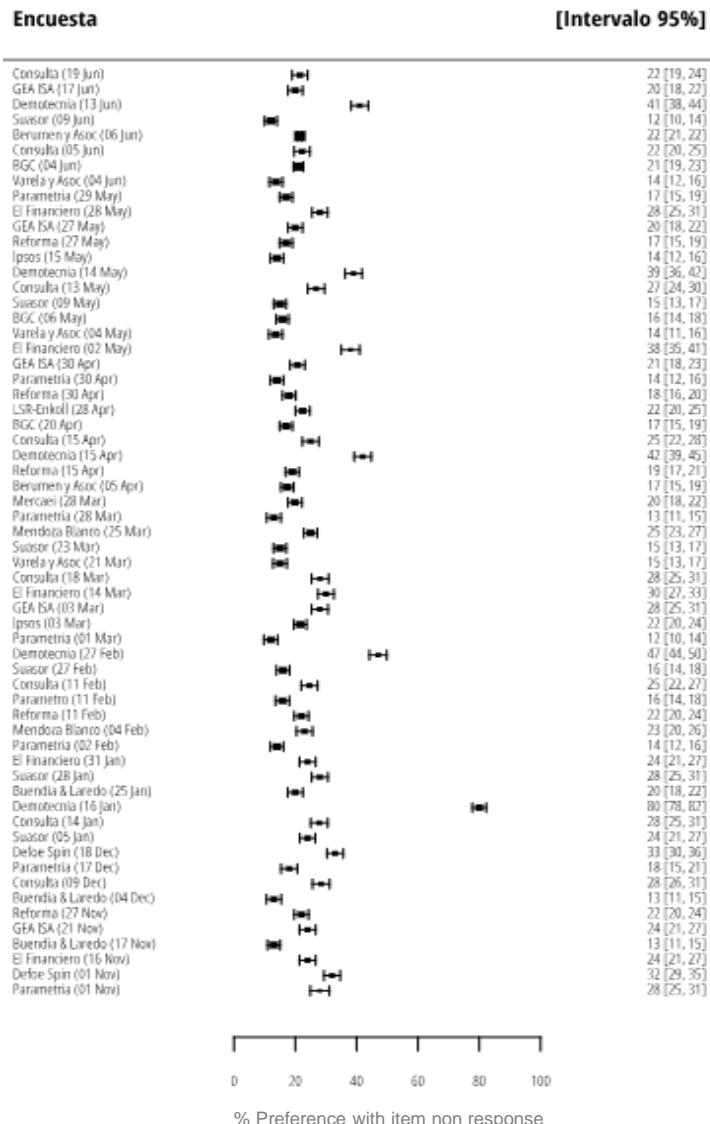
Aug.-15 to Oct.-17: MORENA+PT+PES



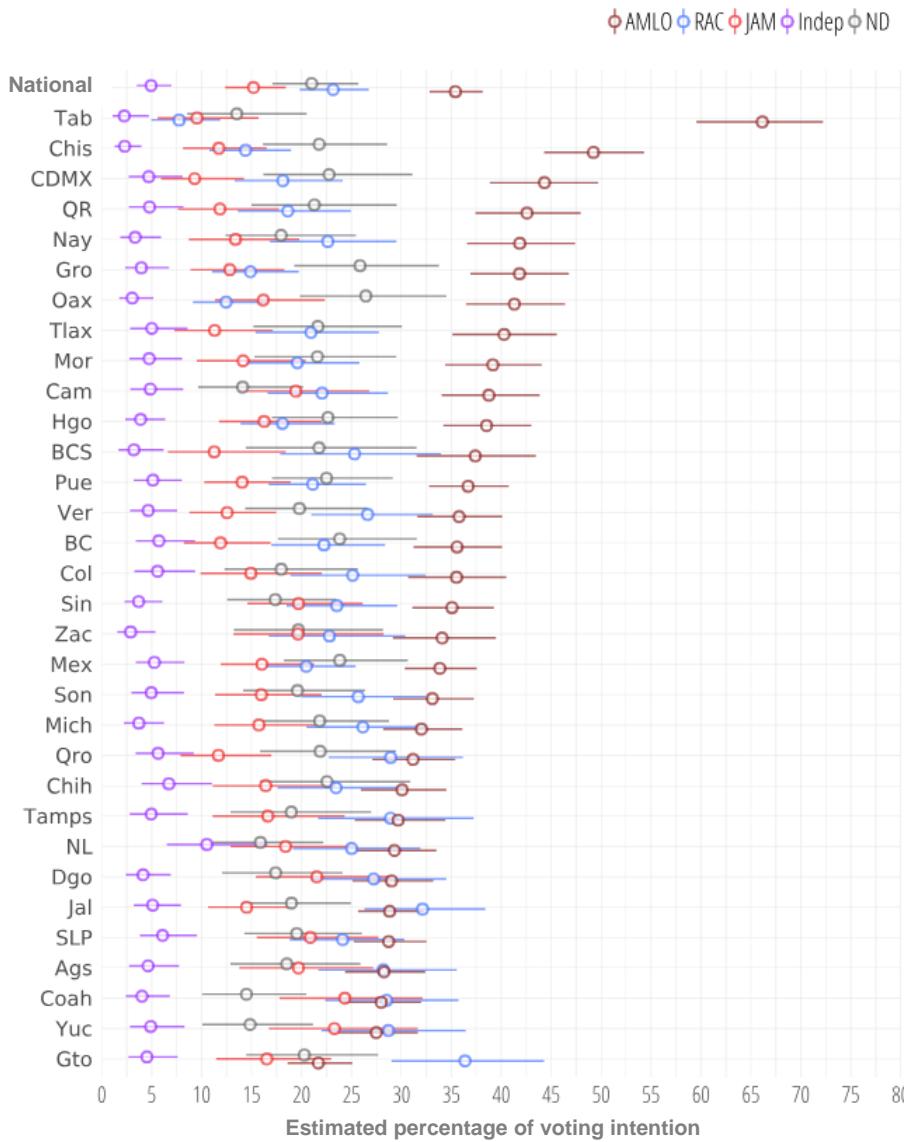
Non response



Non response

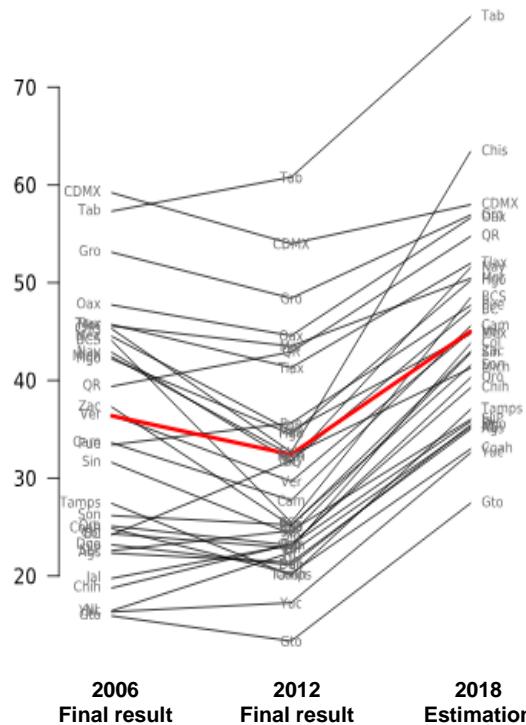


Estimates of voting intention by state

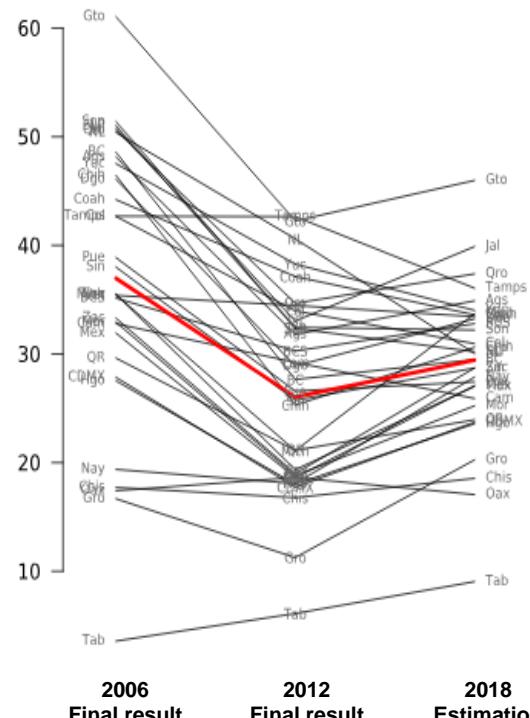


Changes in electoral preference 2006-2012 by state

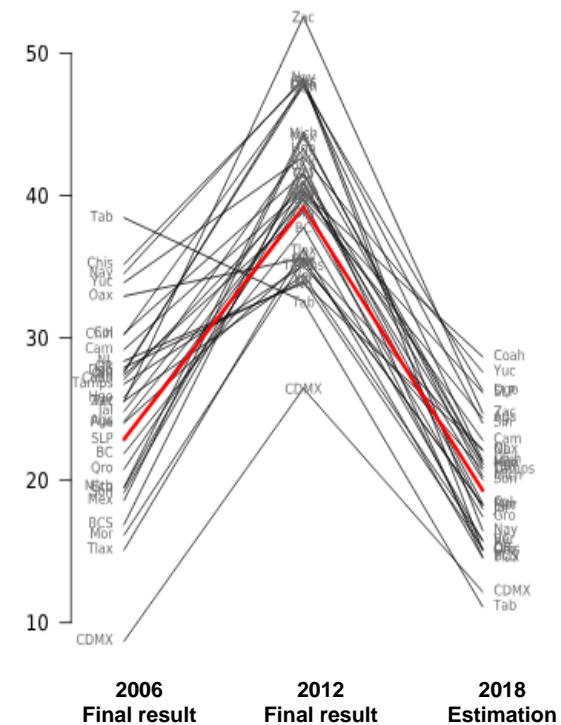
A. M. López Obrador



Ricardo Anaya

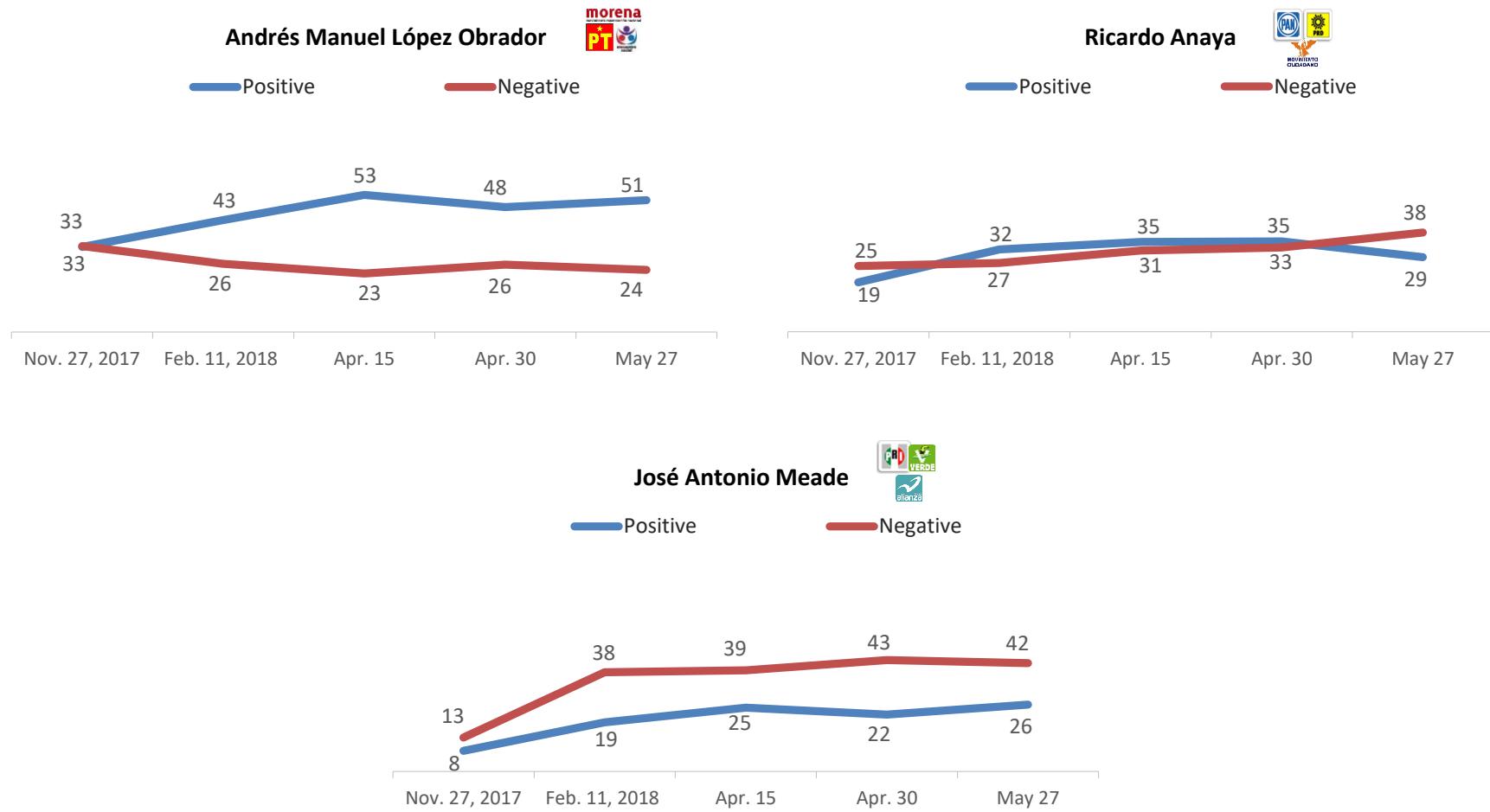


José A. Meade



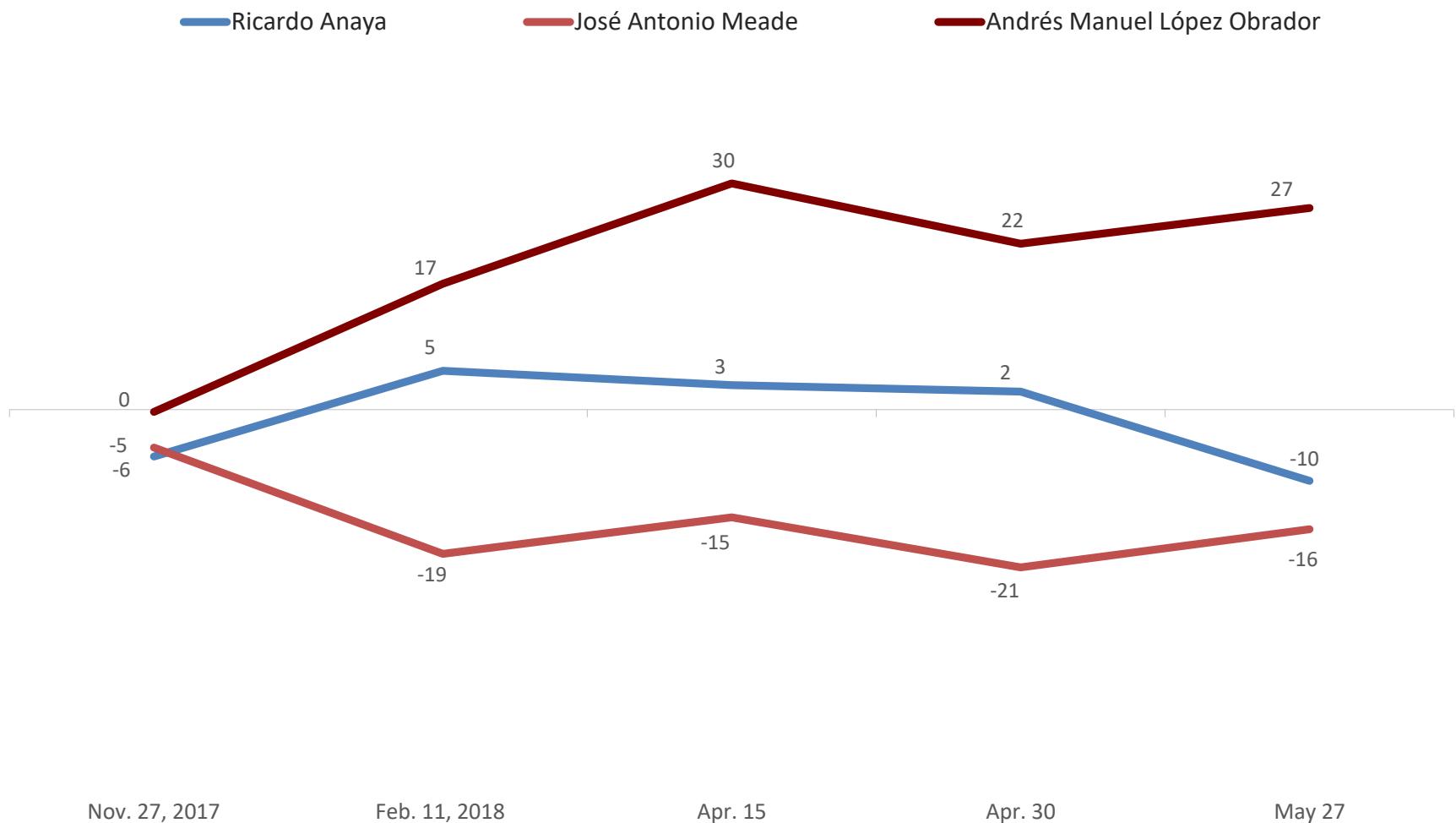
Opinions towards the candidates

Timeline: Opinions towards the candidates (Source: Reforma)



Timeline: Balance of opinions (Source: Reforma)

Positive opinions minus negative opinions



Social bases of electoral preference

Electoral regions in 2018

Source: INE

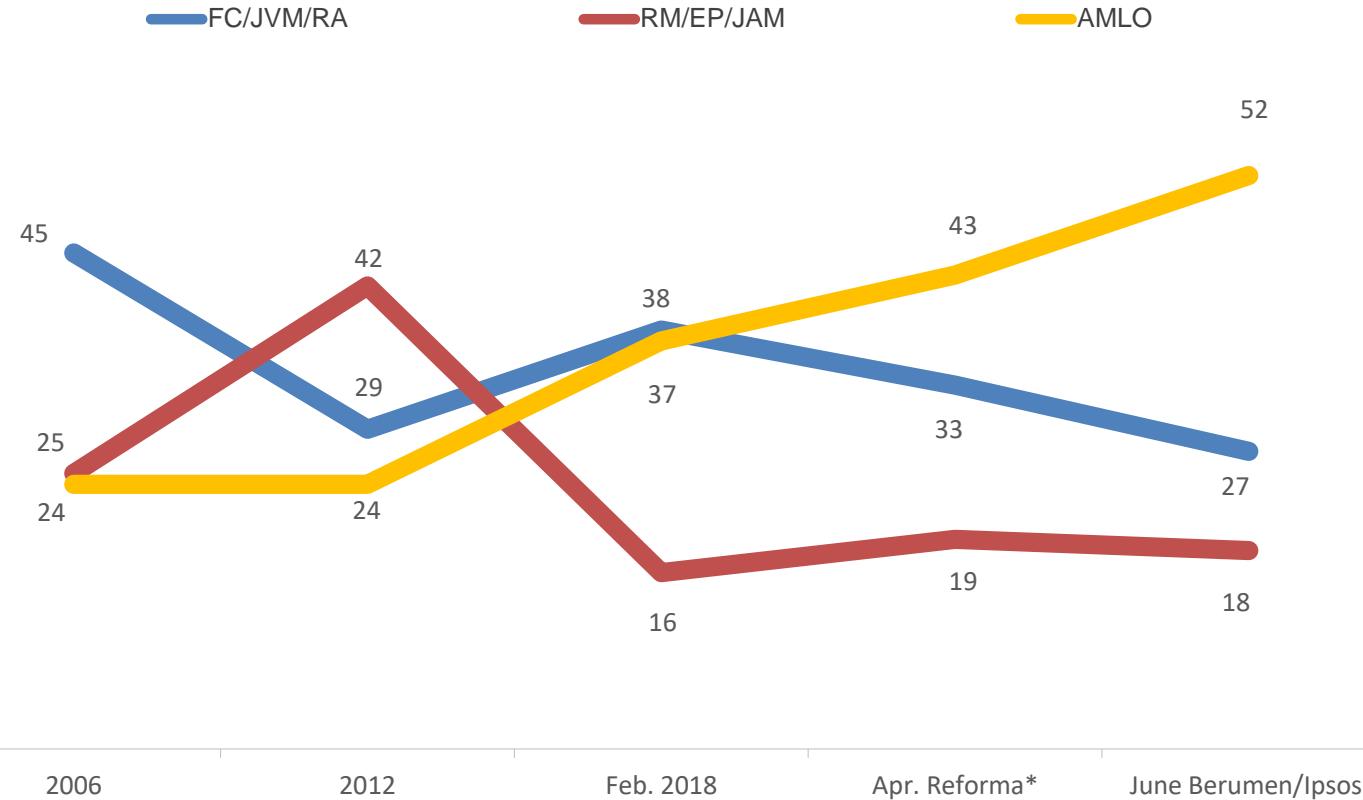


Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Electoral region 1 (Pacific coast)

Source: INE (Official results 2006 and 2012), Reforma (February and April 2018 poll) and Berumen/Ipsos (poll, June 2018).

Electoral region 1:
BAJA CALIFORNIA, BAJA CALIFORNIA SUR, CHIHUAHUA,
DURANGO, JALISCO, NAYARIT,
SINALOA AND SONORA.



The percentages of other candidates are not shown

*Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

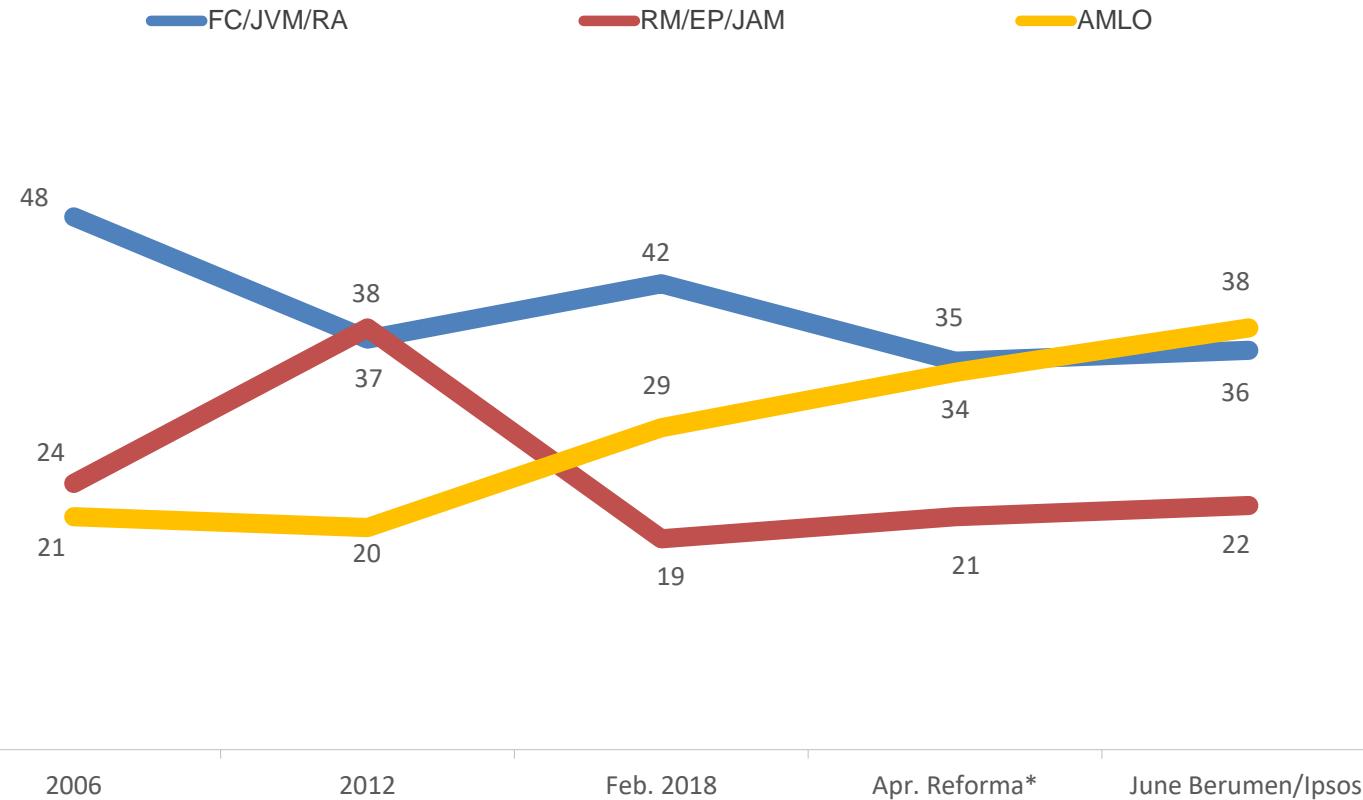
Percentages without item non response

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Electoral region 2 (Northeast)

Source: INE (Official results 2006 and 2012), Reforma (February and April 2018 poll) and Berumen/Ipsos (poll, June 2018).

Electoral region 2:
AGUASCALIENTES, COAHUILA,
GUANAJUATO, NUEVO LEON,
QUERETARO, SAN LUIS POTOSI,
TAMAULIPAS AND ZACATECAS.



The percentages of other candidates are not shown

*Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

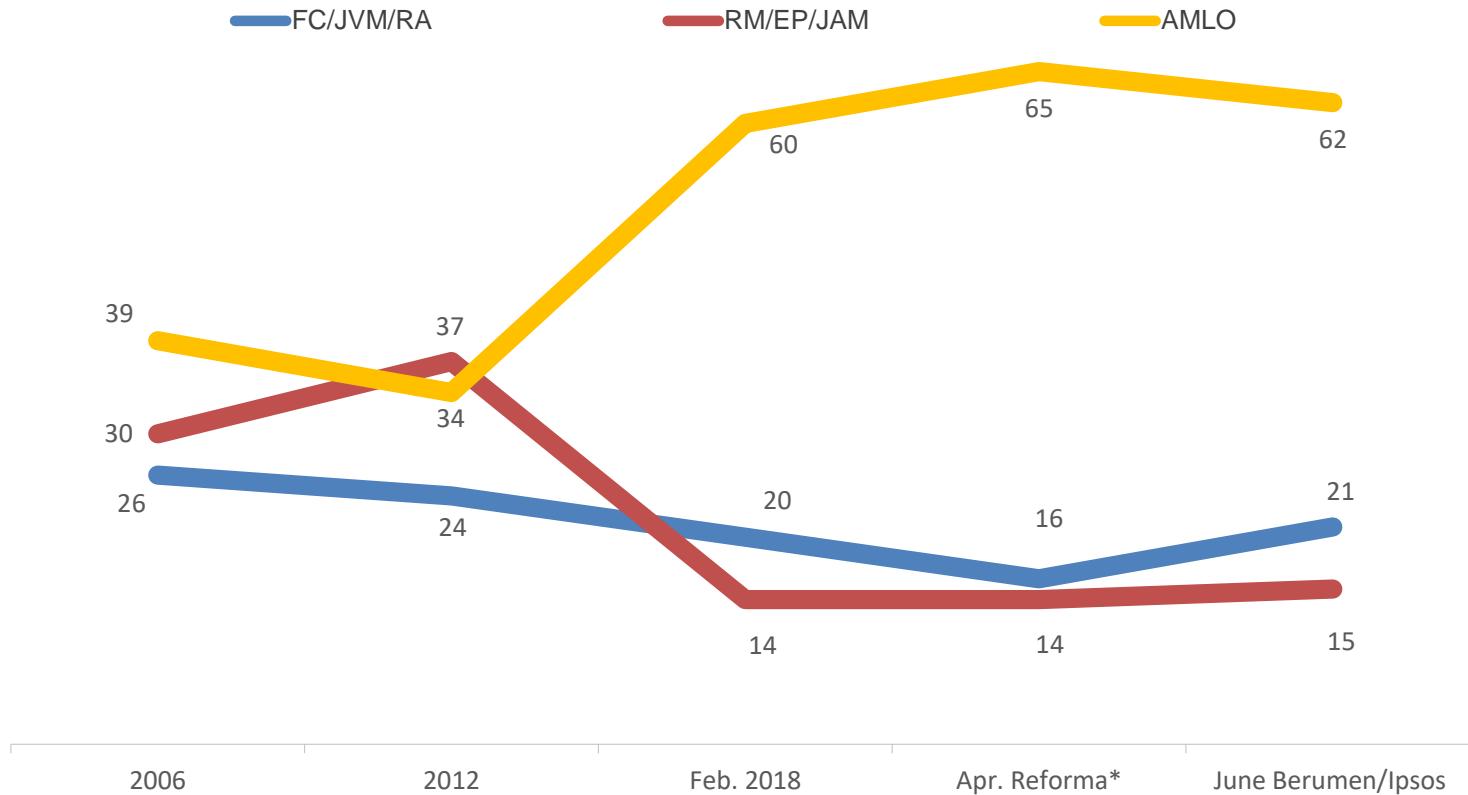
Percentages without item non response

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Electoral region 3 (South)

Source: INE (Official results 2006 and 2012), Reforma (February and April 2018 poll) and Berumen/Ipsos (poll, June 2018).

Electoral region 3:
CAMPECHE, CHIAPAS, OAXACA,
QUINTANA ROO, TABASCO,
VERACRUZ AND YUCATAN.



The percentages of other candidates are not shown

*Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

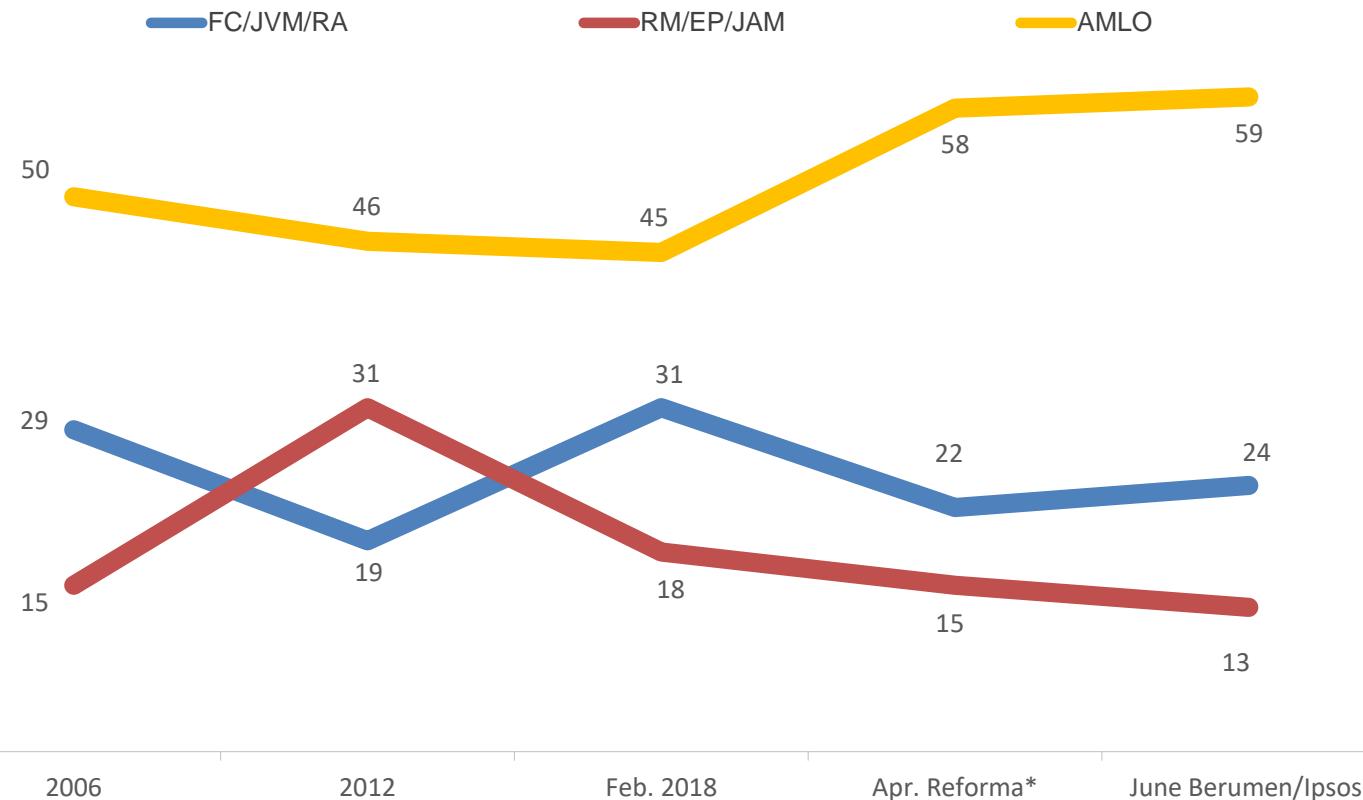
Percentages without item non response

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Electoral region 4

Source: INE (Official results 2006 and 2012), Reforma (February and April 2018 poll) and Berumen/Ipsos (poll, June 2018).

Electoral region 4:
DISTRITO FEDERAL, GUERRERO,
MORELOS, PUEBLA AND TLAXCALA.



The percentages of other candidates are not shown

*Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

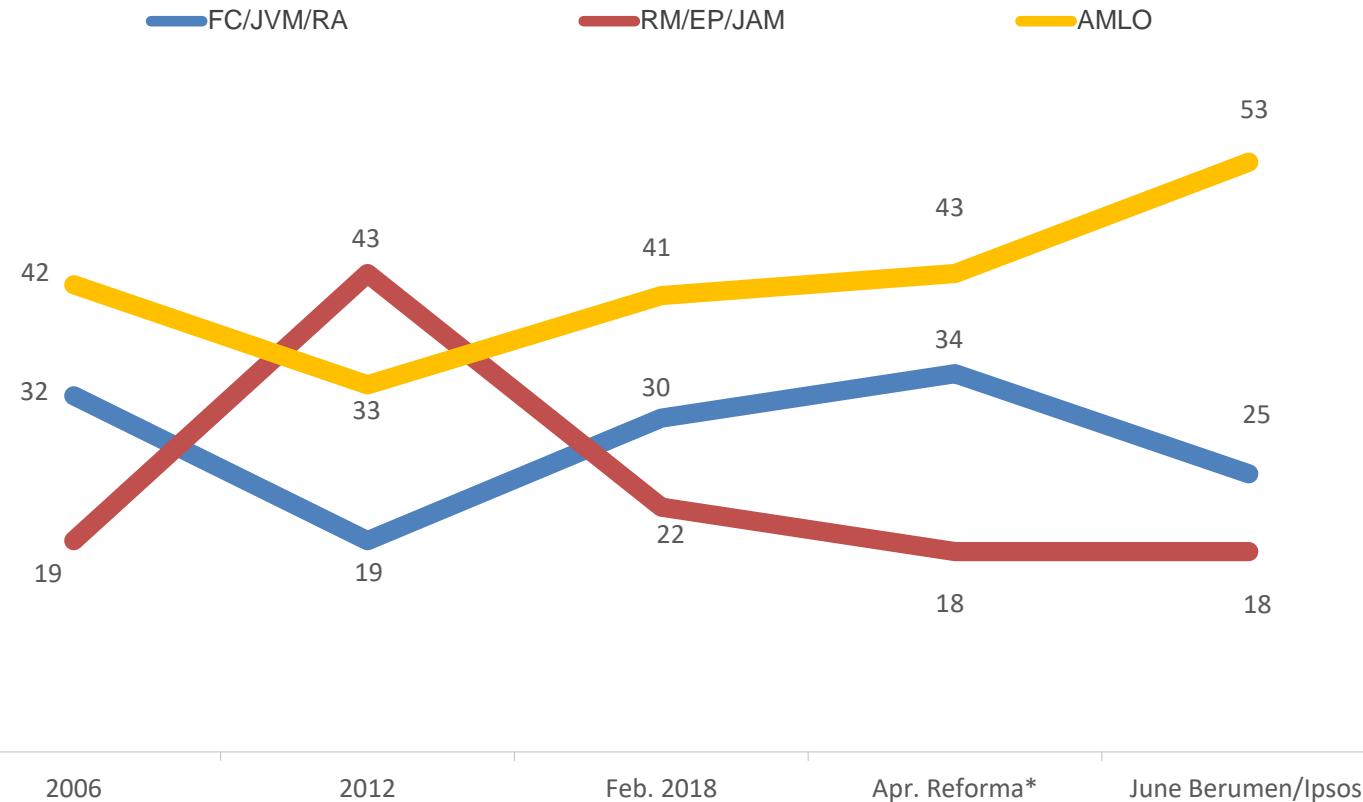
Percentages without item non response

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Electoral region 5

Source: INE (Official results 2006 and 2012), Reforma (February and April 2018 poll) and Berumen/Ipsos (poll, June 2018).

Electoral region 5:
COLIMA, HIDALGO, MEXICO AND
MICHOLACAN.



The percentages of other candidates are not shown

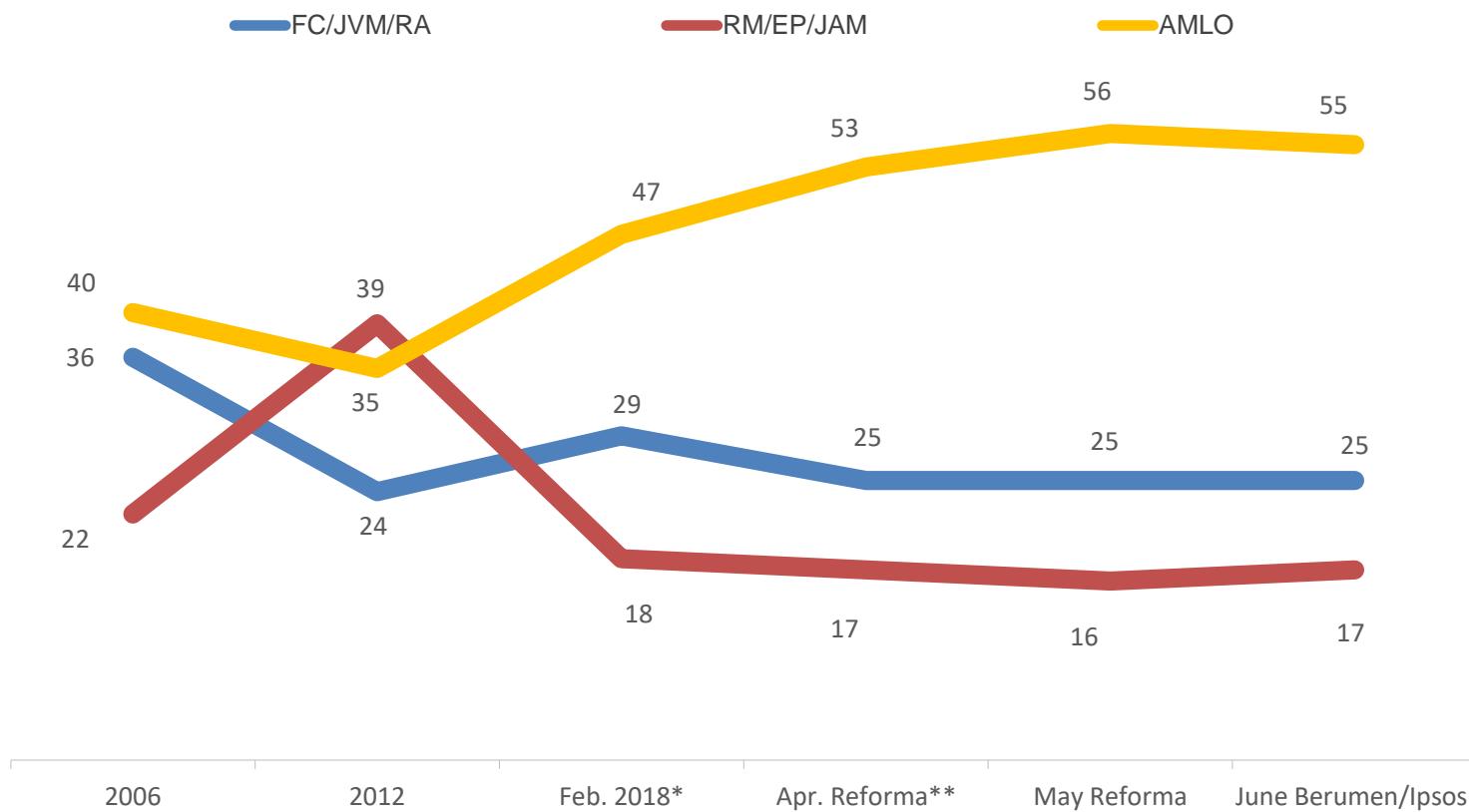
*Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Percentages without item non response

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Gender: Males

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. and Apr. polls 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



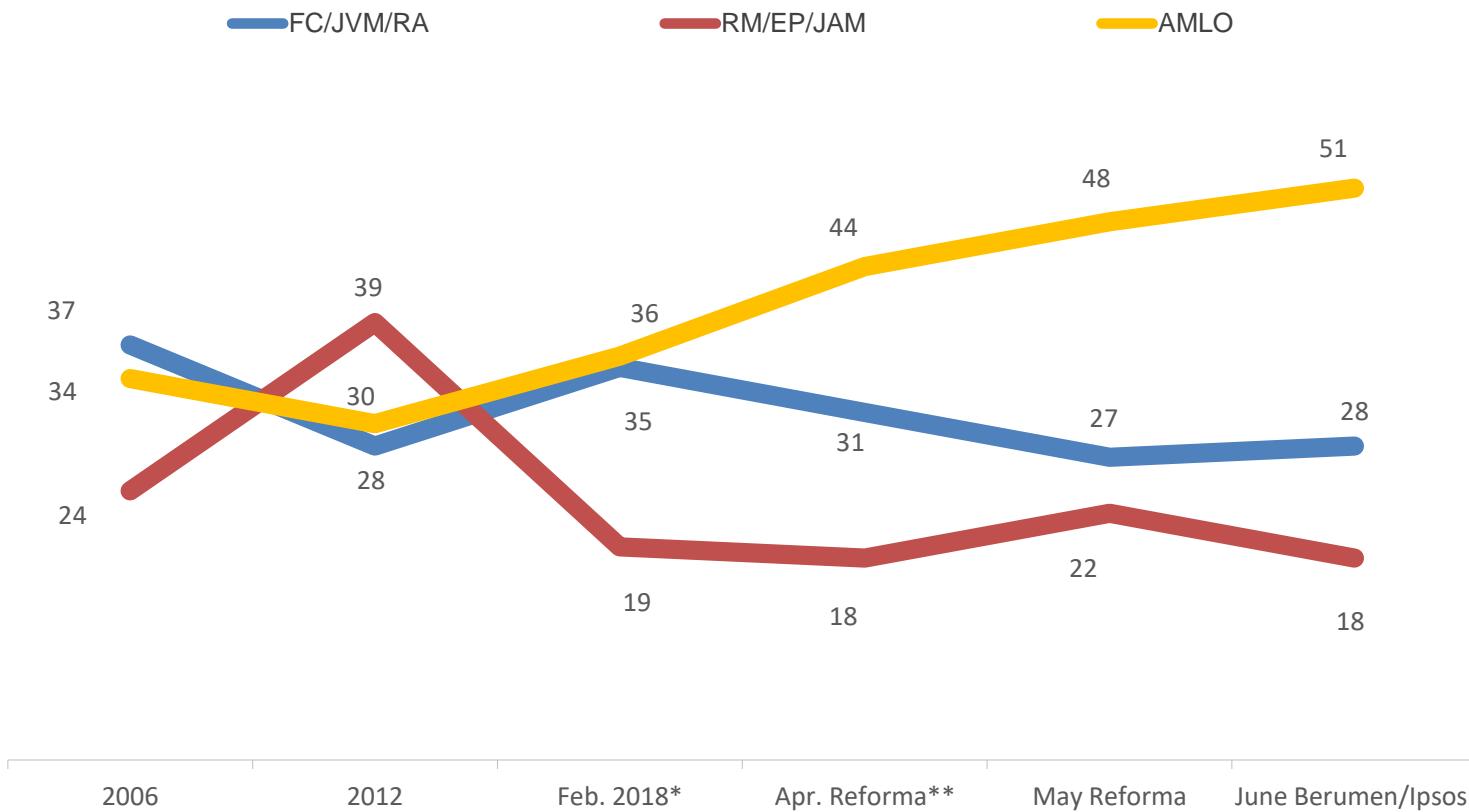
* Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown
**Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Gender: Females

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. and Apr. polls 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



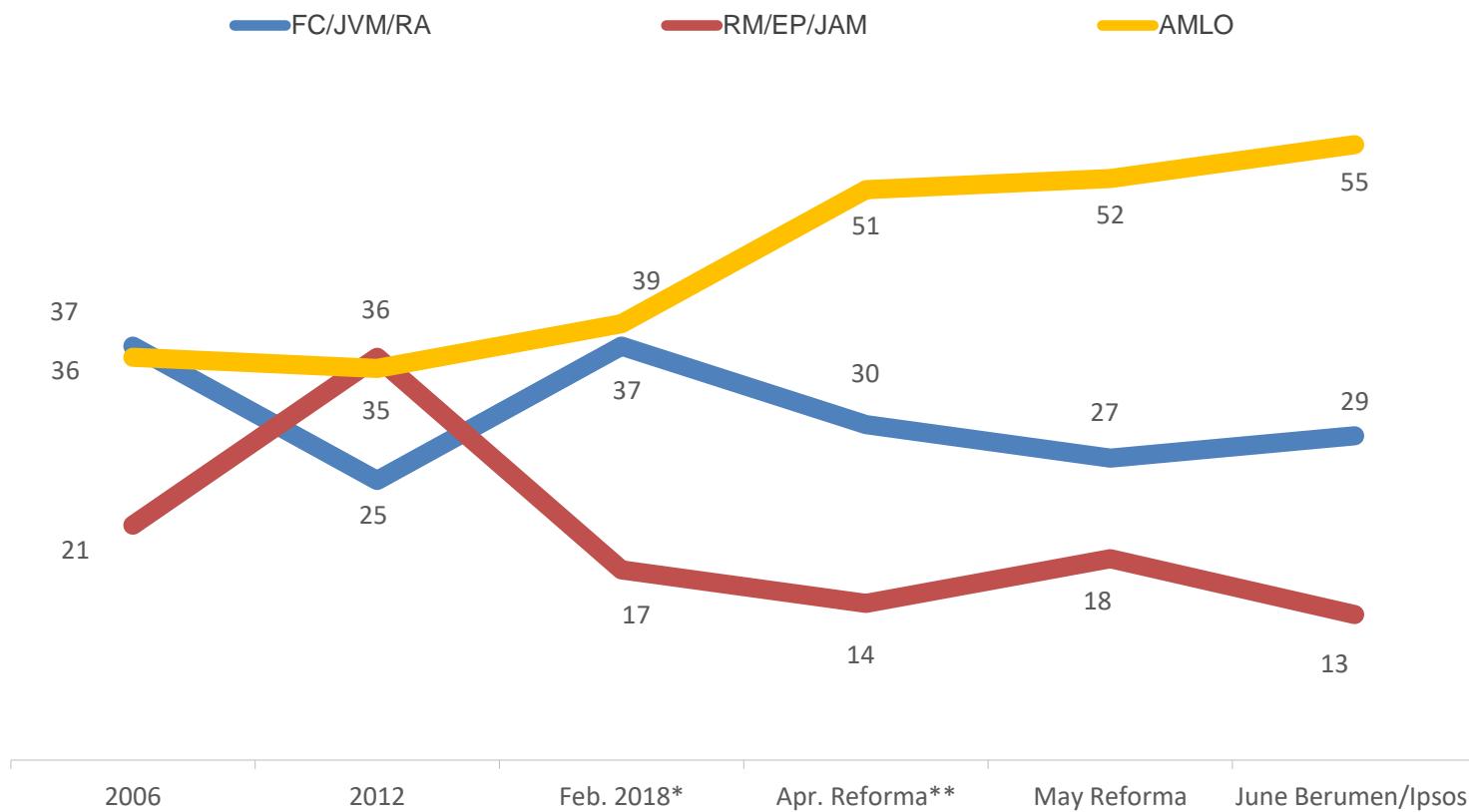
* Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown
**Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Age group: 18 to 29 years

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. and Apr. polls 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



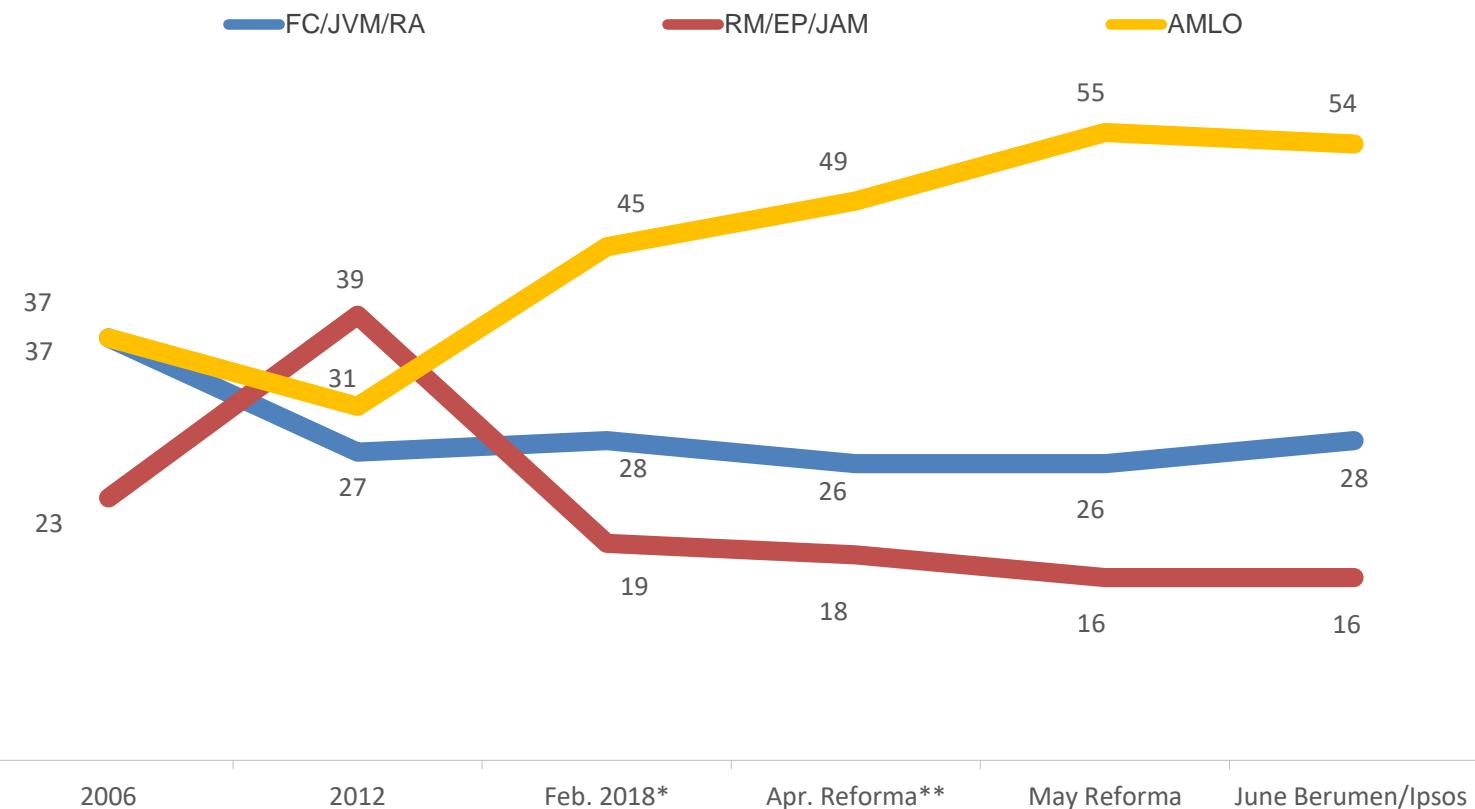
* Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown
**Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Age group: 30 to 49 years

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. and Apr. polls 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



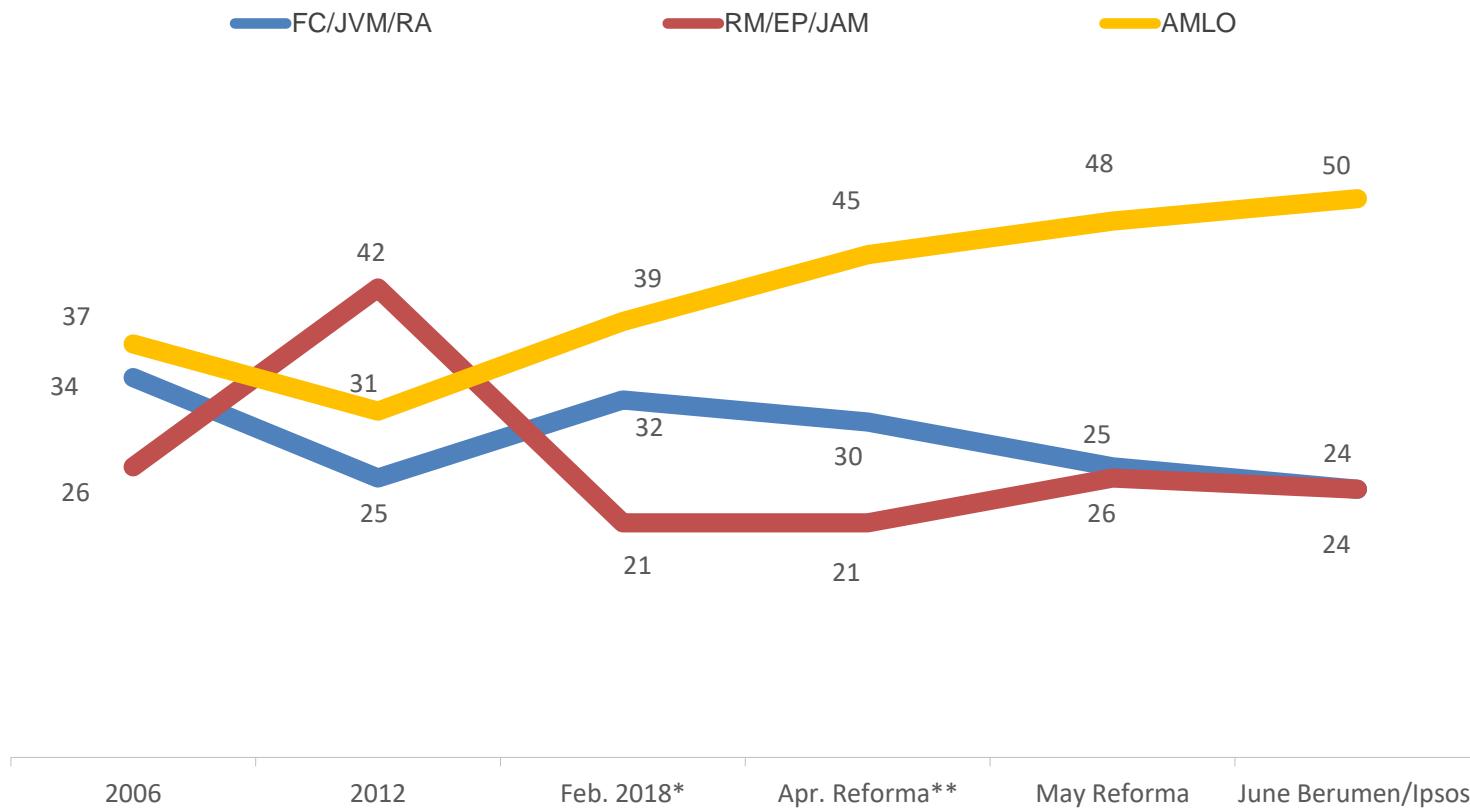
* Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown
**Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Age group: 50 years or more

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. and Apr. polls 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



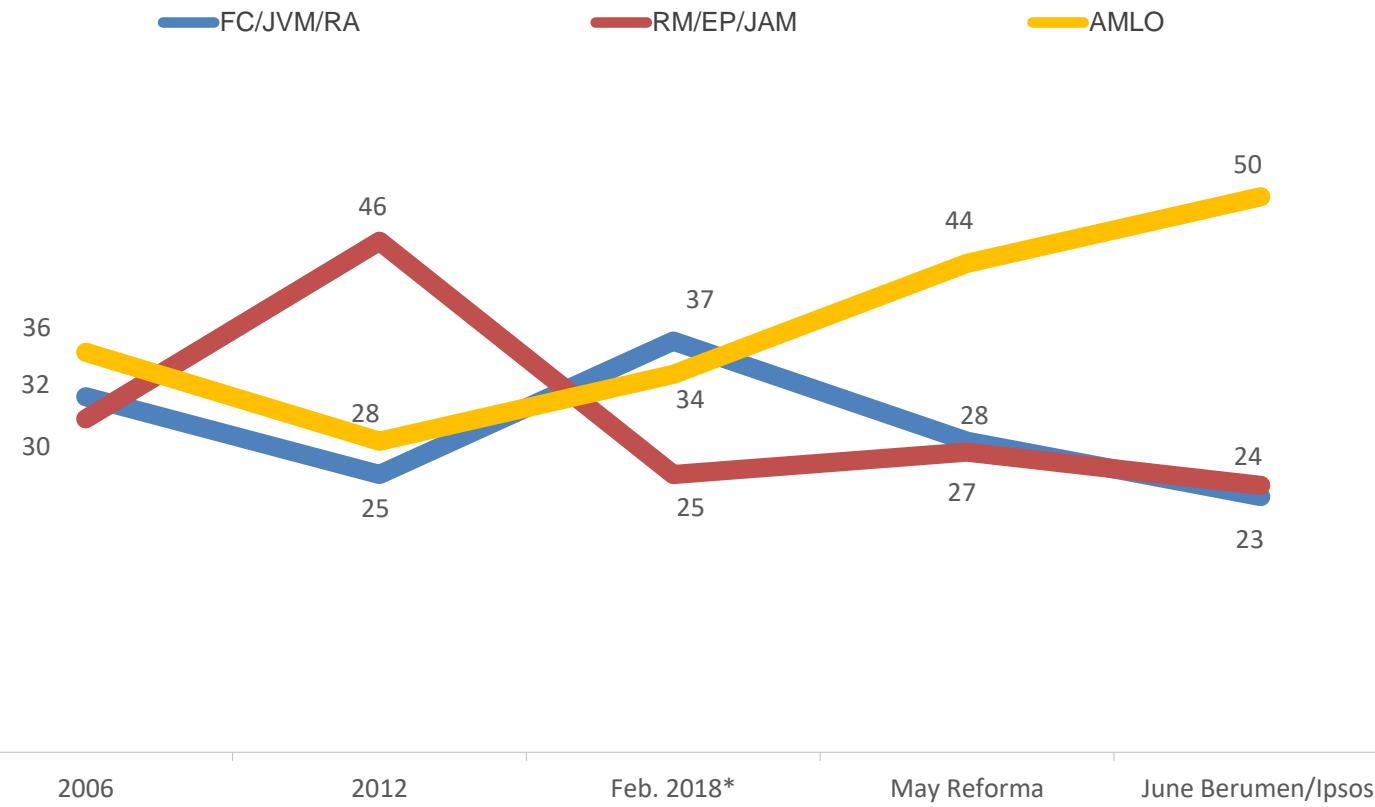
* Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown
**Average of Reforma's polls from Apr. 12-15 and Apr. 26-30

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico

Education: Elementary

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. poll 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)

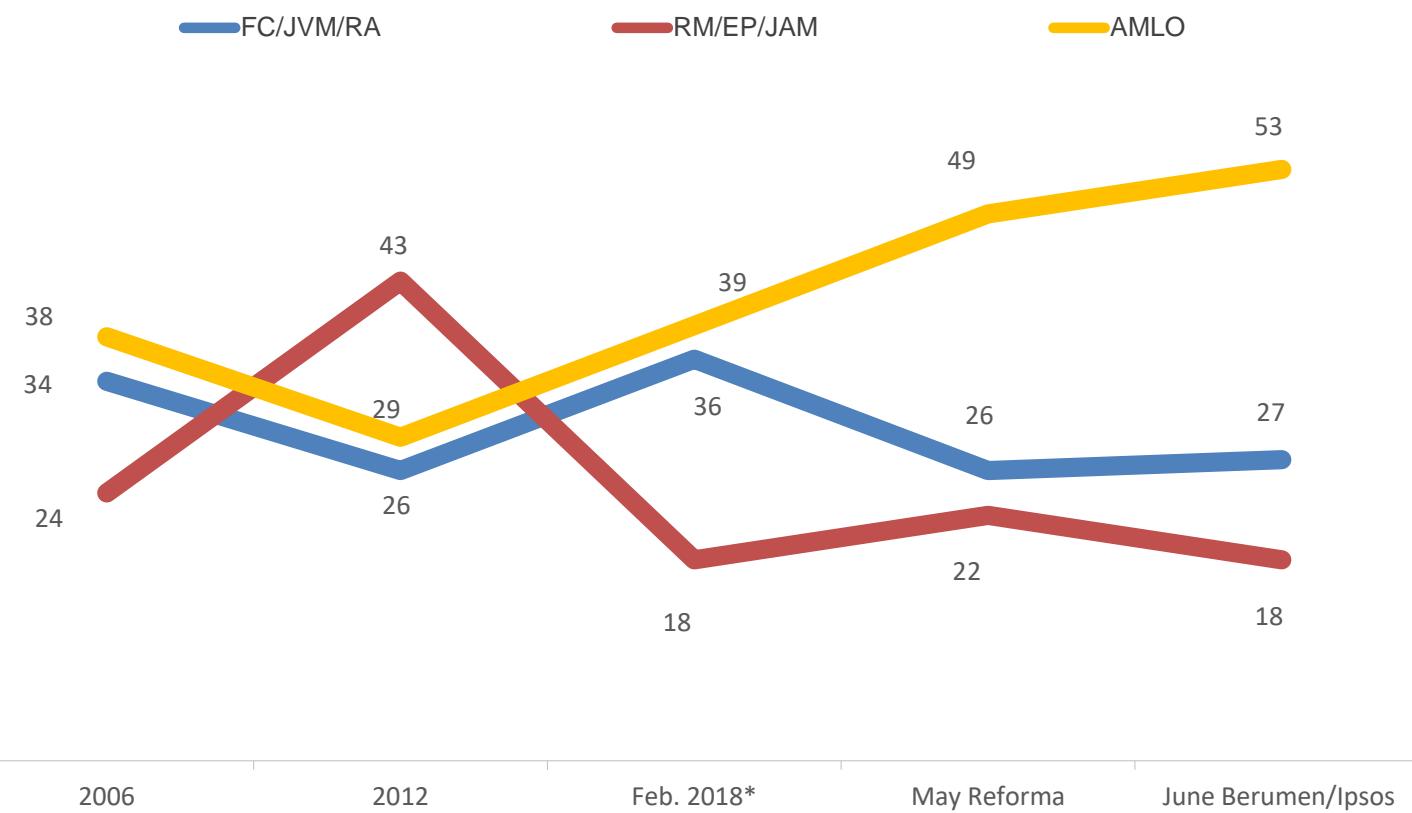


*Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico Education: Middle high school

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. poll 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)

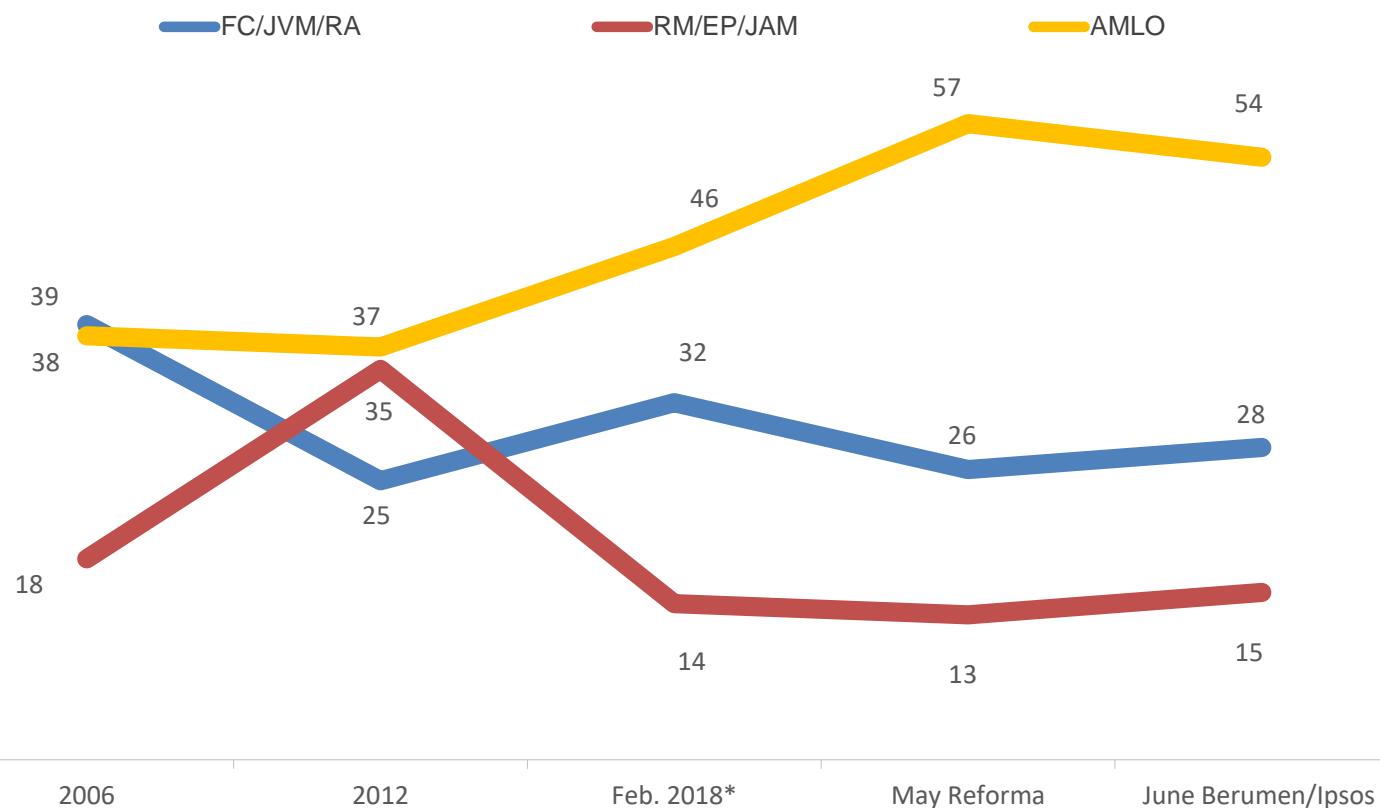


*Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico Education: High school

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. poll 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)

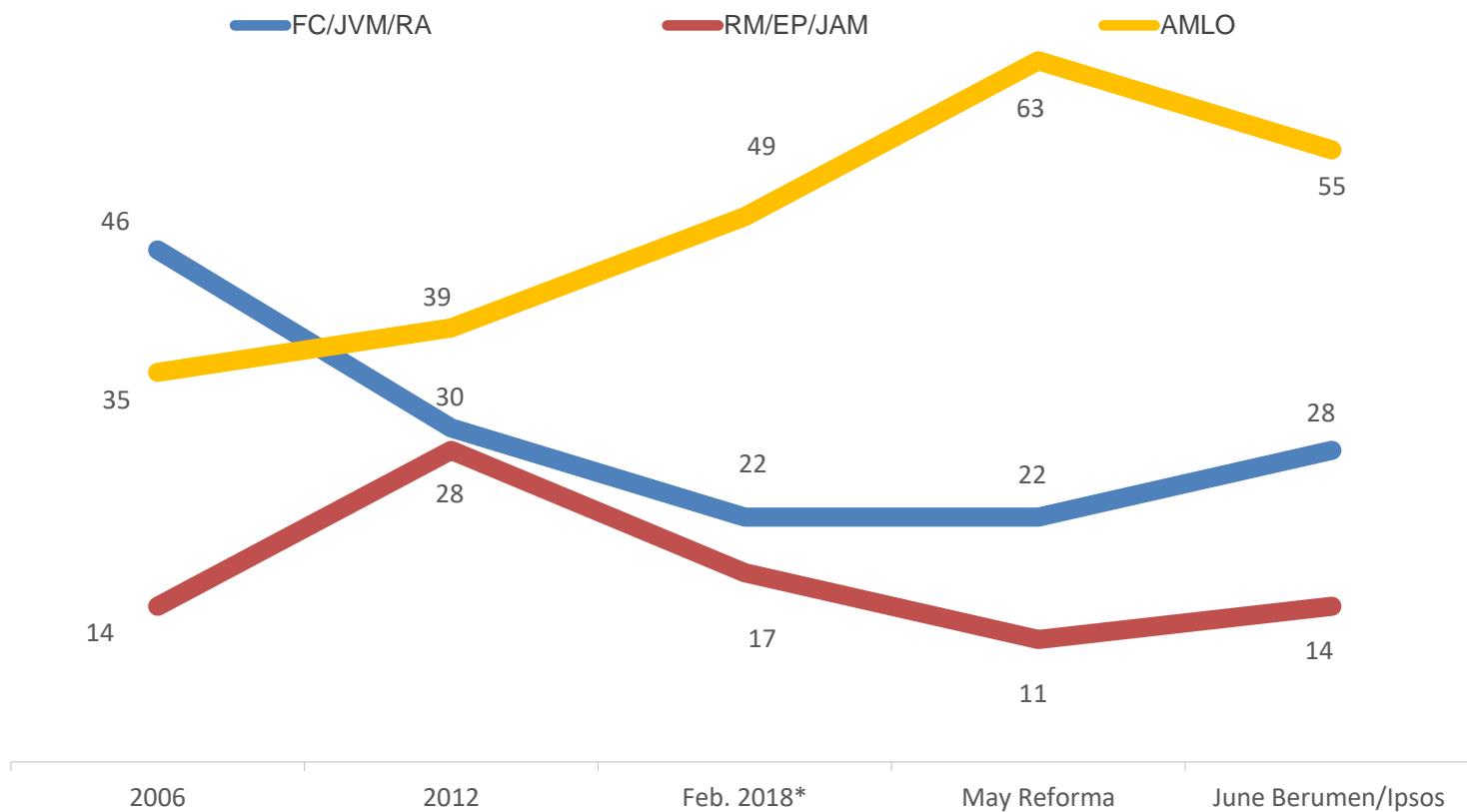


*Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown

Timeline: Electoral preference of President of Mexico Education: University or more

Source: Consulta Mitofsky (exit poll 2006)
B&L(exit poll 2012)
Encuesta B&L/ El Universal (Jan. poll 2018)
Reforma (Feb. poll 2018)
Berumen/Ipsos (June poll 2018)



*Average of B&L/El Universal (Jan. 2018) and Reforma (Feb. 2018) polls

The percentages of other candidates are not shown

Changes in electoral preference by candidate (February-June)

| | Electoral regions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------|------------|------|------|------------|------|------|------------|------|------|------------|------|------|------------|
| | 1 | | | 2 | | | 3 | | | 4 | | | 5 | | |
| | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference |
| Ricardo Anaya | 38 | 27 | -11 | 42 | 36 | -6 | 20 | 21 | +1 | 31 | 24 | -7 | 30 | 25 | -5 |
| José Antonio Meade | 16 | 18 | +2 | 19 | 22 | +3 | 14 | 15 | +1 | 18 | 13 | -5 | 22 | 18 | -4 |
| Andrés Manuel López Obrador | 37 | 52 | +15 | 29 | 38 | +9 | 60 | 62 | +2 | 45 | 59 | +14 | 41 | 53 | +12 |

Changes in electoral preference by candidate (February-June)

| | Gender | | | | | | Age group | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|------------|---------|------|------------|----------------|------|------------|----------------|------|------------|------------------|------|------------|
| | Males | | | Females | | | 18 to 29 years | | | 30 to 49 years | | | 50 years or more | | |
| | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference |
| Ricardo Anaya | 29 | 25 | -4 | 35 | 28 | -7 | 37 | 29 | -8 | 28 | 28 | 0 | 32 | 24 | -8 |
| José Antonio Meade | 18 | 17 | -1 | 19 | 18 | -1 | 17 | 13 | -4 | 19 | 16 | -3 | 21 | 24 | +3 |
| Andrés Manuel López Obrador | 47 | 55 | +8 | 36 | 51 | +15 | 39 | 55 | +16 | 45 | 54 | +9 | 39 | 50 | +11 |

Changes in electoral preference by candidate (February-June)

| Education | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|-------------|------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|
| | Elementary | | | Middle high school | | | High school | | | University or more | | |
| | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference | Feb. | June | Difference |
| Ricardo Anaya | 37 | 23 | -14 | 36 | 27 | -9 | 32 | 28 | -4 | 22 | 28 | +6 |
| José Antonio Meade | 25 | 24 | -1 | 18 | 18 | 0 | 14 | 15 | +1 | 17 | 14 | -3 |
| Andrés Manuel López Obrador | 34 | 50 | +16 | 39 | 53 | +14 | 46 | 54 | +8 | 49 | 55 | +6 |

Sources

IFE, Electoral Results 1991-2012:

<http://siceef.ife.org.mx/pef2012/SICEEF2012.html#>

Consulta Mitosky, 2006:

<http://portalanterior.ine.mx/archivos2/portal/EncuestasElectorales/rsc/docs/2005-2006/CONSULTAMITOFSKY-ES.pdf>

REFORMA poll, April 12 to 15:

<https://www.ine.mx/consorcio-interamericano-comunicacion/>

REFORMA poll, April 26 to 30:

<https://www.ine.mx/consorcio-interamericano-comunicacion/>

REFORMA poll, May 24 to 27:

<https://www.ine.mx/consorcio-interamericano-comunicacion/>

Berumen/Ipsos poll, June:

<http://www.berumen.com.mx/estudio-electoral-2018/>

Corruption/Insecurity

Electoral preference by most pressing subject that needs to be solved

Electoral preference President of Mexico

| | Most pressing subject that needs to be solved* | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | Insecurity (40%) | Corruption (27%) | The economic conditions (15%) | The workings of the government (8%) |
| Anaya, PAN-PRD-MC | 25 | 25 | 22 | 18 |
| Meade, PRI-PVEM-PANAL | 16 | 11 | 14 | 10 |
| AMLO, MORENA-PT-PES | 33 | 46 | 41 | 42 |
| Independent candidates | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Non response | 23 | 17 | 21 | 28 |
| Total | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

*Percentages of “DK/NA” and “Other” are not shown

Electoral preference by priority of the next government

Electoral preference President of Mexico

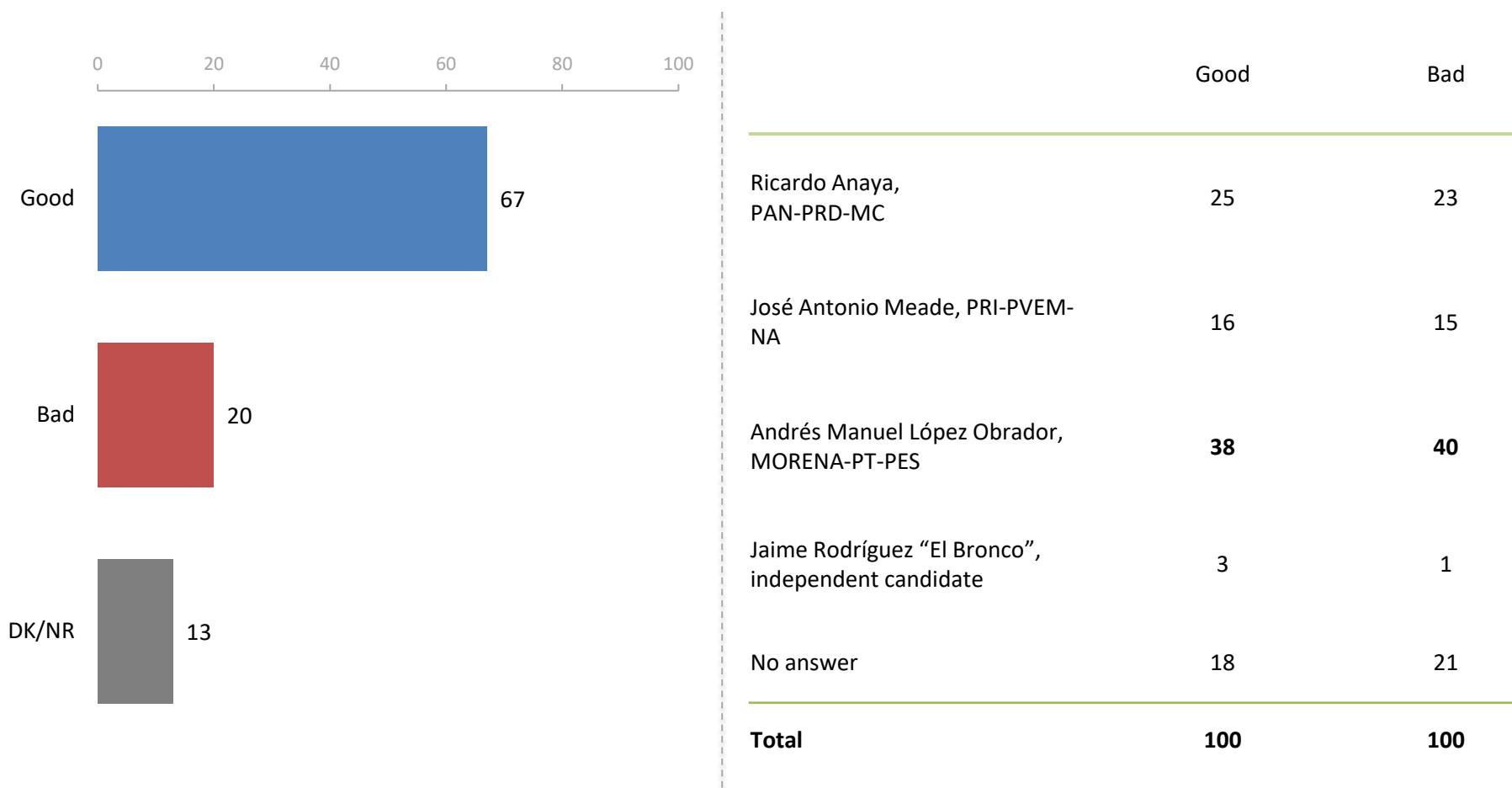
| | Priority of the next government* | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | To combat corruption (44%) | To improve the economy (31%) | To combat insecurity (15%) |
| Anaya, PAN-PRD-MC | 24 | 24 | 23 |
| Meade, PRI-PVEM-PANAL | 14 | 10 | 17 |
| AMLO, MORENA-PT-PES | 40 | 41 | 33 |
| Independent candidates | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Non response | 20 | 23 | 25 |
| Total | 100 | 100 | 100 |

*Percentage of “DK/NA” is not shown

NAFTA

NAFTA's impact on Mexican economy

Overall, do you think the North American Free Trade Agreement, also known as NAFTA, is good or bad for the Mexican economy?



NAFTA's continuity

In your opinion, México should continue in NAFTA or Mexico should leave NAFTA?

